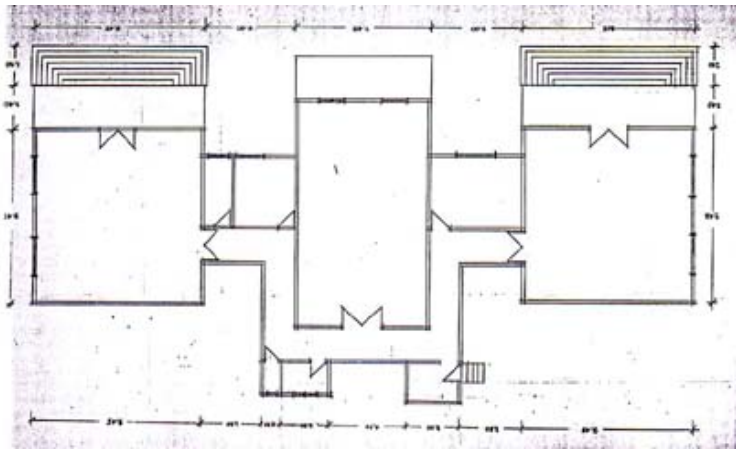

















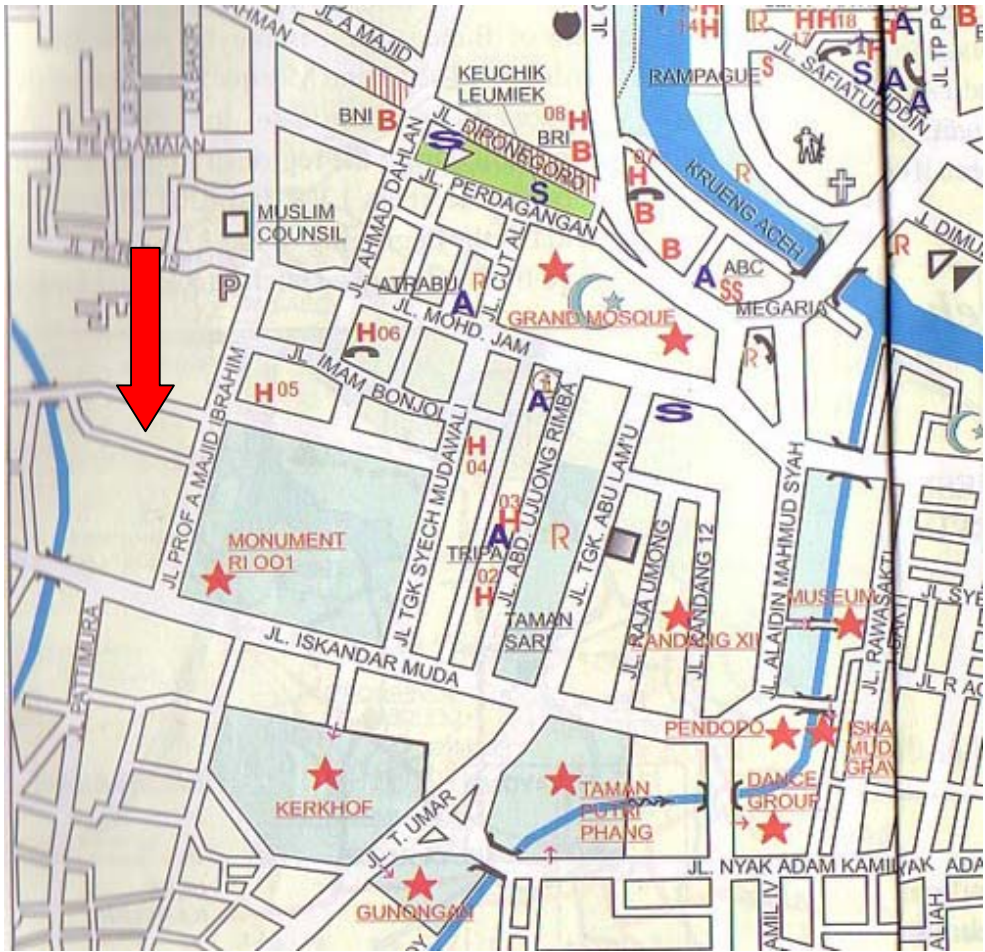
## Inventory of historically and culturally significant buildings and complexes in Aceh

		
Before Tsunami	After Tsunami	1 Year After Tsunami

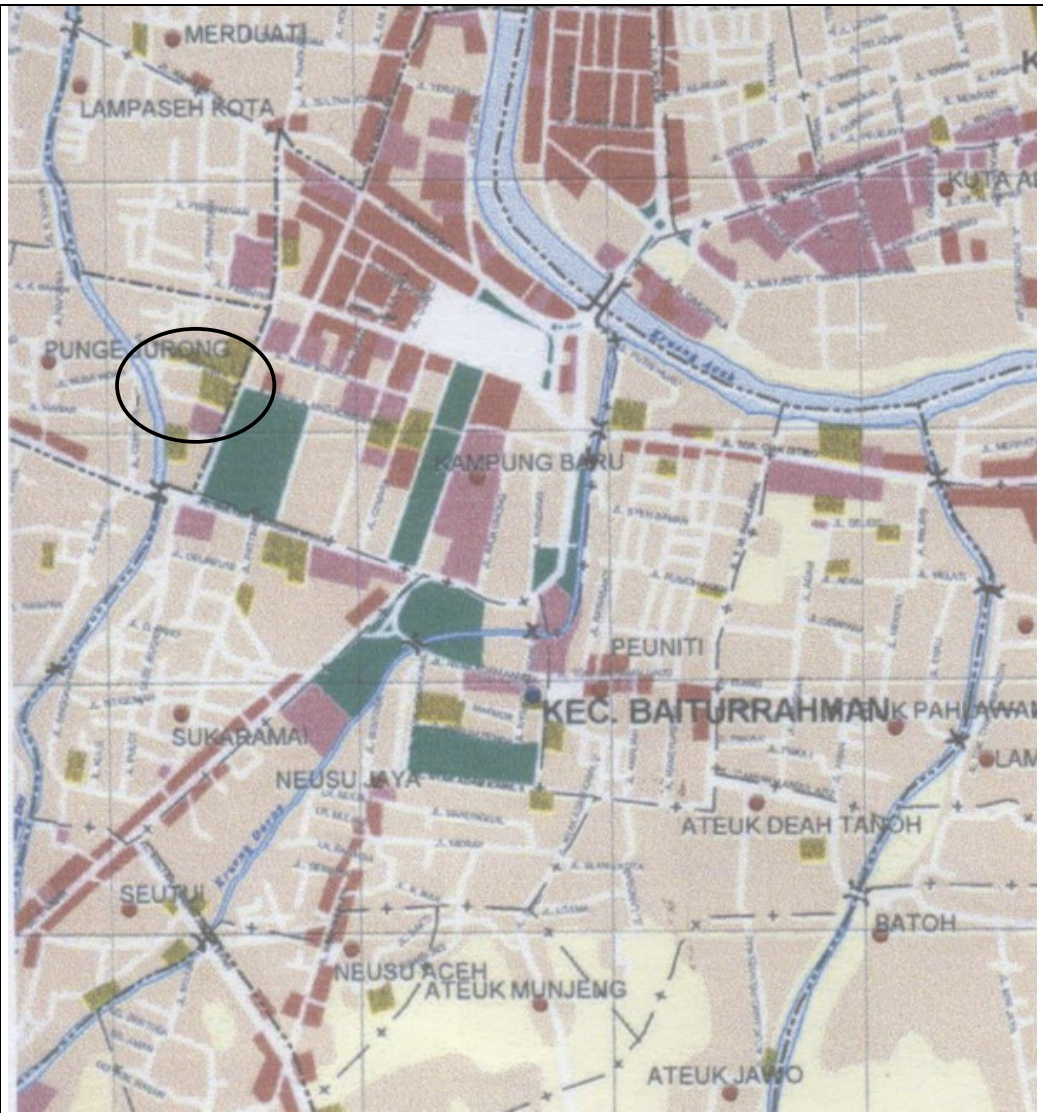
<b>No.</b>	002
<b>Name</b>	SMA Negeri 1 Banda Aceh (ex-MULO School in colonial era)
<b>Location</b>	Esplanade Area (Jl. Prof. A. Majid Ibrahim I, No. 7 Banda Aceh)
<b>Present and Past Functions</b>	Senior High School/ Freemasons' lodge then MULO School
<b>Date of Inventory</b>	April-Dec 2005
<b>Source</b>	Inventory Team, Alfred Kooijman

<b>A: the building</b>	
A.1: Plan	
A.2: Facades	

<p>A.3: typical design details</p>				
	<p>Ventilation</p>	<p>Gable</p>	<p>Window</p>	<p>Door</p>
				
	<p>Floor (corner)</p>	<p>Floor</p>	<p>Stairs</p>	<p>Column</p>
<p><b>B: building construction</b></p>				
<p>B.1:</p>	<p>Construction methods applied: concrete structure, wooden structures, brick wall construction and zinc roofing.</p>			
<p>B.2: construction details</p>				
	<p>Wooden Ceiling</p>	<p>Concrete Stairs</p>	<p>Ionic Pillars</p>	
<p>B.3: cross-section of the building</p>				
<p><b>C: the interior of the building</b></p>				
<p>C.1: interior details</p>				
	<p>Column and wooden ceiling</p>		<p>Door</p>	
<p><b>D: State of repair</b></p>	<p>Generally fair to good condition in general. The structure is still strong. The condition of the walls is generally good, but with small cracks in some sections of the wall. The walls have been repainted several times. The zinc roof should be replaced with the new one because of rust. The doors, windows, window frames, and the wooden ceiling are still original. The granite floor in the main building is still original too but the floors in the other two buildings have been changed with floor tiles. The granite floor is still in a good condition.</p>			

<b>E: building history</b>	
E.1: date of construction	The building was probably built in the early 1920s.
E.2: ownership	It originally belonged to the Dutch government during the Dutch occupation of Koetaraja (the old name of the Banda Aceh town). Now, it belongs to the Education Office Banda Aceh Municipality.
E.3: use of the building	It was originally built as a Freemasons' lodge. The former MULO or secondary school was located in a separate building behind the lodge. In 1946 the lodge was used as part of the MULO School.
E.4: changes to the building	After independence new classrooms were added forming a large complex of which the former Freemasons' lodge is an integral part. Some parts of the building especially the left and right wings have been changed due to the change of use of the building from lodges to school. The windows in the rear wall of these buildings have been removed.
<b>F: urban context</b>	
F.1: location	
F.2: description	The building is located in the west part of the Esplanade, surrounded by military residential buildings.
F.3: history of the neighbourhood	The features and character of the neighbourhood have not changed much from the time the building was constructed.
F.4: location of the urban	

neighbourhood



**G: summary of historical value**

The SMA-high school, the former Dutch MULO building, in neo-classical style was originally built as the Freemasons' lodge in Koetaraja (the name of the town during Dutch occupation). The building was probably built in the early nineteen twenties. The former MULO was located in a separate building behind the lodge. In 1946 the lodge used as part of the MULO School. After independence new classrooms were added forming a large complex of which the former Freemasons' lodge is an integral part.

The tsunami ran right through the ground floor of all buildings including the lodge. The lower half of the walls were damaged, all equipment in the classrooms was washed away (computers, equipment for the laboratory and equipment for language classes), and the surrounding fence was completely washed away.

Considering the function, historical aspect, cultural and architectural value of this building, it is recommended to preserve and restore the building, it can become a cultural asset and tourism attraction for Banda Aceh city.

\* MULO stands for *Meer Uitgebreid Lager Onderwijs (More Extended Lower Education)*, old terms of certain formal education in Holland, also implemented in Indonesia until 1960's. There are 3 types of the school level at that time in Holland. MULO is the same as a middle school or secondary school.